Arranging pebbles in a certain way

JOHN MURCHIE

Richard Ibghy and Marilou Lemmens’ recent collaborative practice has been grounded in an ambition to materialize—to demythologize—abstractions and abstract thought, especially in regard to the social science we commonly refer to as “economics.” Such an aesthetic practice might strike us as too likely to be boring, recalling that the 19th-century historian Thomas Carlyle gave it the enduring moniker “the dismal science.” Yet we’d do well to also recall that another influential abstraction, God, had been a traditional subject for artists through many centuries as they attempted to materialize before our eyes, by means of various visual mythologies, that which is profoundly ineffable.

Somewhere at the root of Ibghy & Lemmens’ intellectual, social, and aesthetic concerns is that epochal shift away from one powerful abstraction toward another, an abstraction that now preoccupies modern peoples, and a shift that many consider altogether for the worst. The two artists do not directly ask us to engage such historical questions—although there is, I think, a deeply felt moral imperative that motivates their practice, for all of the playfulness that lies in wait when we enter one of their installations. And, certainly, do not mistake the playfulness that is quietly present throughout their installations!

The word minimal immediately leaps to my mind as an apt descriptor when I look at Ibghy & Lemmens’ works. I suspect it is not appropriate when I consider its association with a specific contemporary art movement. Perhaps words like spare or even austere might be better, or essential? Such words capture for me aspects of their work, their thinking, their practice—but miss something, as I would miss something when looking at a Canadian loonie from one side only.

Turn, if you would, to their website, with its front-page image of their 2011 work Supply and Demand for Immortality, and click to almost any installation, such as the 2012 exhibition I’d gladly surrender myself to you, body and soul. The installation strikes me
as decidedly spare, as if reduced to the bare essentials, maybe even to the essential, although saying it that way would wrongly suggest the kind of abstract thinking from which the artists want to draw us. Spare, but with an intense randomness that also pervades the space through a compilation of incommensurable objects and images:

- a vitrine with an object;
- delicate line drawings framed;
- an array of sans-serif words hanging in rigid but colourful order;
- a small plinth with small fragile-looking sculptural drawings that allude both to mathematical visualizations and Constructivist sculptures;
- a protean-looking linear sculpture;
- a pair of monitors on the floor; and
- the pre-existing white cube that contains and incorporates the objects and images.

It is the impression of bare essentials against incidental location that creates a very real tension—visual and therein conceptual. This tension animates our encounter with what might have been a lacklustre abstraction and takes us in the direction of a demythologized experience. Because Ibghy & Lemmens’ work seems so materially reductionist, it is more important than usual to pay particular attention to the details and elements that comprise what we actually see. How these may signify to each of us is, as it always is, another matter altogether. While we may feel—I certainly do—the urgency of a didactic mission, it is held at bay by the formal infrastructures that Ibghy & Lemmens have been developing in their practice and, secondarily, by their playful humour.

Ibghy & Lemmens’ new installation *The Golden USB* takes further the forms, the formal elements, that the two artists have been evolving and developing: an audio recording with isolated word/concepts—the *Trade Catalogue of Everything*; a vitrine highlighting and isolating a useful object—the Golden USB; a series of fragile, small sculptures; and a series of isolated monitors and projections with videos obliquely exploring the notion of exchange—“an act of giving one thing and receiving another (especially of the same type or value) in return.”
I imagine a quiet cacophony of sound and image, and perhaps of sense?

The language and logic of economy is Ibghy & Lemmens’ subject here, as it has been for a number of years. With *The Golden USB*, the collaborators take the next logical step—or take the current conception of economy to its reductio ad absurdum?

When we have exhausted the possible here, our exploration of space has powerfully shown us that “here” is a drop in a bucket—and not even—when compared with everywhere else.

John Murchie
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“We are told of him (Eurytos, a Pythagorean) that he used to give the number of all sorts of things, such as horses and men, and that he demonstrated these by arranging pebbles in a certain way.” John Burnet, Early Greek Philosophy (1908)

1. I read this in Yves Abrioux’s Ian Hamilton Finlay: a visual primer (1985). I often return to Finlay’s work when looking at and thinking about Ibghy & Lemmens’ work.